

Australian Government

Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade

The Australia Group

CHALLENGES TO PREVENTING CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS PROLIFERATION: THE AUSTRALIA GROUP

The 26th Asian Export Control Seminar Tokyo, 26-28 February 2019

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WHAT IS THE AUSTRALIA GROUP?

- The harmonisation of export controls between Australia Group participants seeks to ensure their exports do not contribute to the development of chemical or biological weapons.
- Supports UN Member States to meet their international obligations:
 - Chemical Weapons Convention
 - Biological Weapons Convention
 - United Nations Security Council Resolution 1540.

Fighting the spread of chemical and biological weapons

Strengthening global security

AUSTRALIA GROUP ORIGINS

- In 1984 the world discovered Iraq had produced and used chemical weapons.
- Australia Group was created in 1985 to stop legitimate trade being diverted to chemical weapons production.
- In the early 1990s UN investigations discovered that Iraq had a biological weapons program.



• Consequently, export controls were expanded to include biological weapons.

SADLY, CHEMICAL WEAPONS USE CONTINUES

- Examples:
 - Iraq
 - Syria
 - Malaysia
 - United Kingdom.
- OPCW now has mandate to attribute chemical weapons use.





2018 AUSTRALIA GROUP STATEMENT ON CHEMICAL WEAPONS

- In 2018, Australia Group participants issued a statement expressing grave concerns and alarm at the re-emergence of the use of chemical weapons.
- They condemned the continued use of chemical weapons in Syria and expressed concerns at the attack using a nerve agent in the UK.
- Full Australia Group statement on chemical weapons at: <u>https://australiagroup.net/en/statement_on_chemical_weapons_180608.html</u>

CHALLENGES IN HARMONISING CONTROLS AND ENFORCEMENT

- Each Australia Group country has national controls:
 - Legislation (includes "catch-all" provisions)
 - Implementation (e.g. licences)
 - Enforcement (e.g. customs inspections).



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ONGOING CHALLENGES: DENIALS



- The Australia Group aims to ensure export controls do not hinder legitimate trade, and to legitimise trade in sensitive items.
- There are very few Australia Group export denials.
- Export denials:
 - are a national sovereign decision
 - based on AG Guidelines and Control Lists
 - information shared within the Australia Group
 - "no-undercut" policy.
- Provides confidence to trading partners.

NEW CHALLENGES: SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

- Technological developments
 - emerging biotechnologies.
- Methods of trade (e.g. internet, eBay)
- Intangible Technology Transfers (ITT)
 - transfers of knowledge
 - transfers of technical data in non-physical ways.





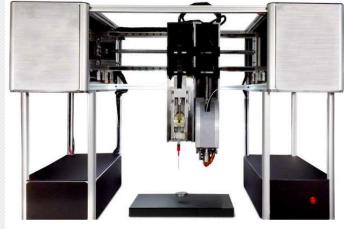


POTENTIAL CHALLENGES: CASE STUDY 3D BIOPRINTING

- 3D bioprinting now allows for the production of organoids (artificially grown masses of cells or tissue that resemble an organ).
- 3D bioprinting is a dual use technology with beneficial applications.
- Computer-aided designs are inexpensive and readily available.
- Bio-inks are commercially available.



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RESPONDING TO CHALLENGES: AUSTRALIA GROUP ENGAGEMENT

- Engagement with:
 - non-member countries
 - industry, academia and civil society.
- Highlighting the threat of state and non-state actors acquiring chemical/ biological weapons.
- Strong export controls provide the business community with confidence and certainty.

Australia Group Common Control List Handbook Volume II: Biological Weapons-Related Common Control Lists



RESPONDING TO CHALLENGES: AUSTRALIA GROUP DIALOGUE AND OUTREACH

- Perth, June 2015 30th Anniversary and Dialogue
- Buenos Aires, February 2017 Dialogue with Latin American countries
- London, March 2018 Dialogue with African countries
- Malta, March 2019 planned Dialogue
- Regular outreach visits





RESPONDING TO CHALLENGES: AUSTRALIA GROUP PLENARY

- The Australia Group Plenary in June 2018 focused on:
 - emerging technologies; science and potential exploitation of cyber space;
 - preventing proliferation of chemical/biological weapons-related goods, technologies and information to non-state actors;
 - chemical and biological terrorism;
 - intangible technology transfers; proliferation financing;
 procurement, transhipment and broader proliferation networks;
 and
 - expanding outreach to non-Australia Group countries, industry and academia, including Dialogues, to encourage all states to implement robust export controls.



AUSTRALIA GROUP CONTACT



- Australia Group Secretariat
 - through any Australian Embassy/High Commission
 - or at: <u>AGassistance@dfat.gov.au</u>
- Australia Group website

 <u>www.australiagroup.net</u>
 (in English, Arabic, Chinese, French,
 German, Russian and Spanish)



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